

Hidden Things brought to Light,

FOR THE

Increase of Knowledge

In READING The

BIBLE

Being an Explanation of the *Coyms, Moⁿey, Weights, Measures*, mentioned in the BIBLE, as *Shekels, Talents, pieces of Silver, Silverings, Pence, &c.* And what they are in value in Gold and Silver, according to English current Money. Being cast up in *Shekels, Drams, and from One Talent to Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Talents*, in plain Words for the understanding of any that can read the Bible.

Also, in what *Chapters and Verse or Verses* they are to be found.

Likewise, the *Weights and Measures*; how much they are English.

And also, the *Words of Office and Sects*, and wherefore one part of the Bible is called *Canon* &c. and the other *Apocrypha*, Explained.

By John Axford.

Very Usefull for all that can Read English, and for all Scholars the like never done before.

Proverbs 9. 9. *Instruct the Wise and he will be Wise: Teach a Righteous Man, and he will increase in Knowledge.*

The Fifth Edition.

Licensed and Entered according to Order, corrected and enlarged.

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TO THE

READER!

FOR a general good, and for the increase of knowledge and for understanding in reading the Bible I have been at some pains and trouble in examining several Dictionaries for the finding out the true Value of the Coins and Money mentioned in the Bible: And also the Weights and Measures. And what the Shekels are, of which there are three sorts, the Common, the Kings, and of the Sanctuary, So likewise there are three sorts of Talents, the Common, the Kings, and of the Sanctuary; Which I have cast up both in Gold, Silver and Weight: And how much each is, according to current English Monie, from one to three hundred and fifty thousand talents, in plain words. And also of the pieces of Silver, silverings pence: And in what chapter or chapters, Verse or verses any of them are to be found. And also the Measures, how much any of them is of English. Also in this Edition, I have added the Money, Weights, Measures, mentioned in the Apocrypha, which word signifies of no Authority, or bidden, or doubtful. The Bible (before the Apocrypha) is called Canonical, which signifies approved by common Consent, or exact Rule. Which Division was made

To the Reader.

About four hundred years after Christ there being assembled four hundred Bishops of Carthage in Africa, who ordain'd that all the Bible from Genesis to the end of Malachy to be call'd Canonical, and also the New Testament the other Apocrypha. And also the hard words I have explained, as of Office, Sects, Pharisees, Herodians, Tetrach, Proselytes, Legion, Sadducees, and divers others; being very useful for all people that can read the Bible, whereby they will come to know the exceeding vast riches of King David, and Solomon, the Queen of Sheba, there being no Emperor, King, Prince, or Potentate now in the world, or ever were before, that hath, or had the like; and also other Kings in those times. All which is fully mentioned in what follows. The like never before in so plain a way for all persons that can read English whereby their knowledge may be encreased, their understanding bettered, and all to the Glory of Almighty GOD, being the desire of him who doth Publish it for a General Good.

John Anford

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The Money, Weights, and Measures, mentioned in the Old and New Testament; with their Value, And how much of it is in English current money, either in Gold or Silver. In regard, Troy weight being the most ancientest weight, by which what followeth is computed or cast up in Come or Weight, &c. Troy weight eight Drams makes an Ounce, and Twelve Ounces a pound.

THere are three sorts or kinds of shekels, also of Talents mentioned in Scripture.

First, the common shekel, which was a quarter of an ounce, or 2 Drams, worth sixteen pence.

The Kings shekel weighed 3 drams, worth One shilling ten pence half penny.

The shekel of the Sanctuary or Temple, weighed four Drams, or half an Ounce, worth two shillings six pence.

Also there are three sorts of Talents. The common Talent, which weighed three thousand and quarters of Ounces, or common shekels, which is six thousand Drams; and is one hundred eighty seven pounds ten shilling.

The Kings Talent weighed three thousand of the Kings shekels, which is nine thousand Drams, and is 281 l. 5 s.

The Talent of the Temple weighed three thousand shekels of the Temple, which is so many half Ounces; which comes to three hundred seventy five pounds.

A silvering, or peice of silver often mentioned, is worth two shillings six pence.

The common shekel of Gold, is two drams worth 15 s.

The

The Kings shekel of Gold is three Drams, worth one pound two shillings six pence.

The shekel of Gold of the Temple is four drams, or half an ounce, worth 1 l. 10 s.

The common Talent of Gold is worth two thousand two hundred fifty pounds.

The Kings Talent of Gold, is worth three thousand three hundred seventy five pounds.

The Talent of Gold of the Sanctuary or Temple, is worth four thousand five hundred pounds.

The Jews had another weight called *Mina*, but not of so much use as the other; the common *Mina* of silver, which is sixty Drams, or thirty seven shillings six pence.

The Kings *Mina* being eighty Drachms, or Drams, is fifty shillings.

The *Mina* of the Temple, is one hundred drams that is three pounds two shilling six pence

There is also a *Gerab*, which is one penny half penny.

Now follows what the money throw the whole Bible is worth, with the Names of the Chapters, and verse or verses where it is mentioned.

Gen. 20. 16. And to Sarah, King Abimelech said, I have given to thy Brother one thousand pieces of silver; which were called silverings, is one hundred twenty five pound,

Gen: 23. 16. And Abraham bought a Burying place for 400 shekels of silver, current money with the merchant, which were common shekels twenty five pounds.

Gen

Gen. 24. 22. That the man took a golden Earring of half a shekel weight, is seven shillings six pence; and two bracelets for her hands, of ten shekels weight of Gold, is 7 pound ten shil.

Gen: 37:28: Joseph's Brethren sold him for 20 pieces of silver; which is 2 l. 10 s.

Gen: 45:22. He gave to Benjamin three hundred pieces of Silver; is 37 l. 10 s.

Exodus 25. 29. Of a talent of pure gold shall be made it, with all these vessels; is four thousand five hundred pounds.

Exod: 30. 13. Every one that was numbered to give half a shekel of silver of the Sanctuary; is one shilling three pence.

Exod: 37 23, 24. And he made his seven Lamps, and his snuffers, and his snuff-dishes of pure gold, of a talent weight, is four thousand five hundred pounds, English current money.

Exod: 38: 25: All the gold that was occupied, the gold of the Offering was twenty nine talents, and seven hundred thirty shekels, after the shekel of the Sanctuary; is one hundred twenty one thousand five hundred ninety five pounds.

Verl. 25. And the silver of them that was numbered of the Congregation, was one hundred talents, and one thousand seven hundred seventy 5 shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary, comes to thirty eleven thousand seven hundred twenty one pounds (venteen shillings six pence.

Verj: 27. And of the hundred talents of silver were cast the sockets of the sanctuary, and the sockets

of the Pail, one hundred sockets, a talent for a socket, is thirty seven thousand five hundred pounds.

Verf. 28. And of the thousand seven hundred seventy five shekels he made the books for the pillars is two hundred twenty one pounds sixteen shillings eight pence.

Verf. 29. And the Brass of the Offering was seventy Talents and two thousand four hundred shekels in weight, is eight thousand eight hundred fifty pounds in weight, or seventy nine tun and half.

Levi: 27: 3, 4: The estimation of a Male from twenty years old to sixty, fifty shekels of silver of the Sanctuary, is six pounds five shillings; if a Female thirty shekels, is 3 l. 15 s.

Verf. 5. If it be from five to twenty years old of a male, twenty shekels, is five shillings. A Female ten shekels, is twenty five shillings.

Verf. 6. If from a Moneth to five years old, of a Male five shekels, is twelve shillings three pence, A Female three shekels is seven shillings six pence.

Verse 7. If from sixty and above, of a Male fifteen shekels is thirty seven shillings six pence. A Female ten shekels, is twenty five shillings.

Verf. 16. An Homer of Barly feeds at fifty shekels, is six pounds five shillings.

Num: 347. Thou shalt even take five shekels for every person by the vote, after the shekel of the Sanctuary, is twelve shillings six pence a man.

Verf. 50. Of the first born of the children of Israel

Israel took he the money, a thousand three hundred
threescore and five shekels, after the shekel of the San-
ctuary, is one hundred seventy pounds twelve
shillings six pence. A shekel of the Sanctuary is
twenty Gerahs, a Gerah is a penny half penny.

Numb. 7. 12, 13, 14. And he that offered his Of-
fering, the first was Nephthali the son of Aminadab,
his Offering was one silver Charger of one hun-
dred thirty shekels weight, according to the shek-
kel of the Sanctuary, is fifteen pounds five shil-
ling, One silver bowl seventy shekels, is eight
pound fifteen shillings, One incense Cup of Gold,
of ten shekels, (in another translation it is called
a golden spoon) is fifteen pounds, so the worth
of gold & silver which one Prince offered is fore-
ty pounds, so the whole Offerings of the twelve
princes were in silver Chargers, Bowls, golden
Cups, and pans, amounts unto 480 pounds.

Numb 31: 32. And all the Offerings that was
offered to the Lord, of the Captains of Thousands
and Hundreds, was sixteen thousand seven hun-
dred fifty shekels of Gold of the Sanctuary, is
twenty five thousand one hundred twenty five
pounds Current English Money. Read the 31st
Chapter of Numbers it will be worth Observation.

Deutrons: 2. 19. And shall condemn him
in an hundred shekels of silver, being Common,
is six pounds five shillings.

Vers. 29. shall give unto the Damselfs Father fifty
shekels of silver, Common, is 3 l: 2 s: 6 d.

B

John

Joshua 6. 12. And Achan said, I saw among the spoils a goodly Babylonish garment, and two hundred shekels of silver, which were Common, is 12 l: 10 s. and a Wedge of gold of fifteen shekels. common weight, is 37 l: 10 s.

Judges 9. 4 And they gave him seventy pieces of silver or silverings. is 8 l: 10 sh.

Judges 16. 3. And the Lords of the Philistines came to Dalilah to have her entice Sampson. and said, they would give her everie one eleven hundred pieces of silver, which were also called silverings is one hundred thirty seven pounds ten shilling each Lord, being five of them in the whole, is 687. L. 10 s.

Judges 17: 12 And Micha said to his mother the eleven hundred shekels of silver was with me. which were Common, which comes to sixty eight pounds fifteen shillings.

Exra: 8. 20. I even weighed unto their hands six hundred and fifty talents of silver, being of the San' Quary, is two hundred forty three thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, of silver Vessels one hundred talents, is thirty seven thousand five hundred pounds; and of gold Vessels an hundred talents, amounts unto four hundred and fifty thousand pounds; and twenty Basins of Gold of a thousand drams, each Dram being worth seven shillings six pence; is three hundred seventy five pounds. There were two Vessels of fine Copper, as precious as gold, but the weight not mentioned: the total sum of al the Vessels of gold and

and silver, amounts to seven hundred thirty one thousand six hundred twenty and five pounds.

Hester 3. 11. *If it please the King, let it be written that they may be destroyed, and I will pay a thousand talents of silver, being the Kings, comes unto two hundred eighty one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.*

1 Samuel 2. 36. *Shall come and bow to him for a piece of money, or small piece of silver, &c. is penny half penny farthing.*

1 Sam: 9 8. *And Saul's servant said, I have the fourth part of a shekel of silver, which is three pence three farthings.*

1 Sam: 17. 4, 5. *Goliath of Gath, whose height was six Cubits and a span; he was armed with a Coat of Mail, which weighed five thousand shekels of brass, which is one hundred four pounds two ounces, and the staff of his spear was like a Weavers beam: and his spears head weighed six hundred shekels of Iron, which is twelve pounds and half.*

2 Sam. 14 20. *When Absolon polled his head at every years end he weighed his hair at two hundred shekels by the Kings weight, which is six pounds three ounces.*

2 Sam. 18 11, 12. *And Joel said I would have given thee ten shekels, being the Kings, is eighteen shillings nine pence, and the man answered, if I should receive a thousand shekels of silver in my hand, &c. is 93 l. 15 s.*

a. Sam:

2 Sam. 12. 30. And he took their King of Ammon's Crown from off his Head, which weighed a talent of Gold; being the Kings, is three thousand three hundred seventy five pounds, current English mo:

2 Sam. 24. 24 David bought the threshing Floor, and the Oxen; for fifty shekels of silver, being of the Sanctuary, is six pounds five shillings.

1 Kings 9. 14. And Hiram sent the King six score talents of Gold, being the Kings talent, is four hundred five thousand pounds, English current money.

Vers. 28. And they came to Ophir, and fetched from thence four hundred and twenty talents of gold, and brought it to King Solomon, is one Million 4 hundred seventy thousand five hundred pounds. A Million is a thousand thousand, or ten hundred thousand.

1 Kings 10. 10. The Queen of Sheba gave the King six score talents of Gold, is four hundred five thousand pounds, current English money.

Vers. 14. Now the weight of Gold that came unto King Solomon in one year, was six hundred sixty six talents of gold, is two Millions two hundred forty seven thousand seven hundred fifty pounds, current English money.

Vers. 16 And King Solomon made two hundred targets of beaten gold, six hundred shekels went to one target; which is nine hundred pounds worth of gold to one target; the worth of gold to the two hundred Targets in the whole, is one hundred thousand pounds.

Vers

Verh 17. And he made three Hundred shields of Gold, three pound of Gold to one shield, comes to one hundred twenty pounds. So that the worth of gold to the three hundred shields, amounts unto thirty six thousand pounds.

Verh 29. And there came up a Chariot from Egypt for six hundred shekels of silver, is 56 pounds five shillings: And a Horse for one hundred and fifty shekels of silver, is fourteen pound one shilling three pence.

1 Kings 16. 24. And he bought the H & Samarja of Shemer for two talents of silver; is 562 l. 10 sh. the Kings Talent.

1 Kings 20. 39. Thy Life shall go for his Life or else thou shalt pay a talent of silver, being common talent, is 187 lib. 10. sh.

2 Kings 5. 23. And Naamano said take two talents of silver, being the King talent, is five hundred sixty two pounds ten shillings.

2 Kings 6. 29. A great Famine in Samaria and they besieged it untill an Asses Head was sold for four score pieces of silver, which is ten pound. And the fourth part of a Cab of Doves Dung (which is half a pint) for five pieces of silver; which is twelve shilling six pence. They used the Doves-Dung in stead of Salt.

2 Kings 7. 1. Then Elisha said, Hear the Word of the Lord to morrow about this time shall a Measure of fine Flower be sold for a Shekel, which is one shilling three pence, and two Measures of Barlie for a Shekel, A measure being a Bushell: it came to pass as the Man of God had said. 2 King

2 Kings 15 19 20 And Menahem gave Pul a thousand talents of silver: is two hundred eighty one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds: He exacteth of each man that is wealthy fifty shekels; is three pounds two shillings six pence.

1 Chron. 12 25 David gave to Oman for the place six hundred shekels of gold by weight; the shekel of the Sanctuary, is nine hundred pound.

1 Chron. 22 14 Now behold in my trouble. (another Translation hath it in my my poverty) (I have prepared for the house of the Lord, one hundred thousand talents of Gold being of the Sanctuary, amounts unto forty five thousand millions current English money. A million being a thousand thousand, or ten hundred thousand: and a thousand thousand talents of silver, which is in English current money, thirty seven millions five hundred thousand pounds.

1 Chron. 29 7 And gave for the service of the house of God, of gold, five thousand talents, and ten thousand Drums: (according to the talent of the Sanctuary, is 2 millions two hundred fifty three thousand 7 hundred and fifty pounds) and of silver ten thousand talents: (which is three millions seven hundred and fifty pounds, English current money) and of Brass eighteen thousand talents: which is in weight two millions two hundred & fifty thousand pounds; which is one thousand four Tun and nine hundred thirty two pounds) and of Iron one hundred thousand talents; which is in weight twelve millions five hundred thousand

land pounds, which is five thousand five hundred seventy nine Ten eleven hundred seventy eight pounds.

2 Chron. 3. 8. And he overlaid it with fine gold, of six hundred talents, of the sanctuary, is two millions seven hundred thousand pounds.

Verse 9. And the weight of the Nails was fifty shekels of gold, is seventy five pounds, all according to current English money.

2 Chron. 8. 18. And they took from Opher four hundred and fifty talents of gold, and brought them to King Solomon, which is one million five hundred and eighteen thousand seven hundred & fifty pounds.

2 Chron 9. 9 And she gave the King one hundred and twenty talents of gold, according to the Kings talent, is four hundred five thousand pounds.

Vers. 13. Now the weight of gold that came unto King Solomon in one Year, was six hundred sixty six talents, according to the Kings talent, is two millions two hundred forty seven thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, English current money

Vers. 15. And King Solomon made two hundred Targets of beaten gold, six hundred shekels of gold to one Target, which is nine hundred pounds worth to one Target, the worth of gold to the two hundred Targets, is one hundred eighty thousand pounds.

Vers. 16 And three hundred shields made of beaten gold, three hundred shekels went to a shield, which

is four hundred and fifty pounds: The worth of gold to the three hundred shekels, is one hundred thirty five thousand pounds, according to the shekel of the Sanctuary.

2 Chron. 25. 6. He hired an hundred thousand valiant men out of Israel, for one hundred talents of silver, the Kings talent, is 28125 pounds.

2 Chron. 27. 5. And the Children of Ammon gave him the same year, one hundred talents of silver, being common, is 18750 pounds.

2 Chron. 36. 3. And condemned the Land in 100 talents of silver, being common, is eighteen thousand seven hundred & eighty pounds. And a talent of gold being common, is 2250 pounds.

Jeremiah 32. 9. And I weighed him the Money, even seventeen shekels of silver, being common, is one and twenty shillings and three pence.

Ezekiel 45. 12. And the shekel shall be twenty Gerahs, a Gerah is penny half penny.

Hosea 3. 2. So I bought her unto me for fifteen pieces of silver, is thirty seven shillings six pence.

Here follows the Coyns and Money mentioned in the Apocrypha.

Tobias 11. 10. And he lent to Gabiel of Rages a town in Media, according to some translation ten pounds in silver, that is thirty pounds, but according to the English translation ten talents, being common, is one thousand eight hundred seventy five pounds.

I / M /

1 Maccabees 4: 42. Demetrius King of Syria offered to give yearly to the Jews, to the Building of the Temple, fifteen thousand shekels of silver, being of the Sanctuary, that is one thousand Minas, which, at thirty seven shillings six pence the Mina, is one thousand eight hundred seventy five pounds; And would restore what had been yearly taken away, being five thousand shekels of silver, is six hundred twenty five pounds.

1. Macc. 13. 19. So he sent to Trypho one hundred talents of silver, being Common, is eight thousand seven hundred fifty pound, Engl. mo.

1. Macc. 14. 24. Simon sent the Romans a great shield of Gold, weighing one thousand pounds, is forty thousand pounds English current money.

1. Macc. 15. 31. Or else give me for them five hundred talents of silver, and for the tributes of that five hundred talents in the whole is, being common one hundredeighy seven thousand five hundred pounds, a common talent of silver is one hundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings.

Verse 35. Yet we wil give one hundred talents for them, being silver is eighteen thousand seven hundred fifty pounds.

2 Macc. 3. 11. If it please the King let it be written, that they may be destroyed, and I will pay a thousand talents of silver, being the Kings comes unto two hundred eighty, one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

2 Macc. 4. 8, 9. And he came to the King and promised him three hundred and threescore tal-

talents of silver, and of another Rent fourscore talents of silver, besides this he promised him one hundred and fifty talents of silver, in the whole, five hundred ninety, being common, is one hundred ten thousand six hundred twenty five pound *English* money.

Verl. 19. Which brought three hundred Drachmas of silver for a sacrifice, is nine pounds seven shillings six pence, promising the King three hundred talents of silver, is being common, fifty six thousand two hundred fifty pounds.

2 Maccab. 8. 10. Ordained also a tribute for the King of two thousand talents of silver, which the Roman should have, being common, is three hundred seventy five thousand pounds, *English* current money:

Verl. 11. Promising to tel fourscore and ten Jews for one talent of silver, common, is one hundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings.

Here begins the New Testament Gospel, &c.

Matthew 17. 27. And take up the Fish that first cometh up, when thou hast opened his mouth, thou shalt find a piece of money, that take and give for me and thee, which was called a Stater, or two Didrachmas, is two shillings six pence.

Matth. 18. 24, 28. One was brought to him who owed him one thousand talents, which was forgiven him; being common talents, is one million eight hundred seventy five thousand pounds. One of his fellow servants ow'd him five hundred pence called Drachmas;

Drachma, seven pence half penny, is three pound two shilling six pence, which he would not forgive his fellow servant.

Matth. 22. 19. And they shewed him a penny, being seven pence half penny.

Matth. 25. 15: To one he gave five talents, being common, is nine hundred thirty seven pounds ten shillings: To another two talents, is three hundred seventy five pounds: To another one talent, is 187 l. 10 s.

Matth. 20. 5. He agreed with the Labourers for a penny a day, which is seven pence half penny, being the Roman penny Drachma.

Matth. 26. 15. And they covenanted with Judas for thirty pieces of silver, called also silverings, being half an ounce of silver, being two shillings six pence, which comes to 3 l. 15 s.

Acts 19. 19. And they counted the price, and so found it Fifty thousand pieces of silver, which is six thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

Measures mentioned in the Scriptures of Truth.

There are divers kind of Cubits; 1. The Common Cubit was from the Elbow to the long Fingers end, or a foot and a half, or half a yard. 2. The Kings Cubit, one and twenty Inches or a Hands breadth more than the Common. 3. The Cubit of the Sanctuary, contains two of the common, being a full yard. 4. The Geometrical Cubit, contains six common Cubits, which is three

3 2: Yards

Yards according to this Cubit it's thought No^o Ark was built. A Reed is six common cubits and a hand breadth, which is 3 inches. A Pace is 5 foot; A Furlong is 125 paces, or 40 Perch: A mile is 1000 paces, or 8 Furlongs, but in the Scripture or Hebrew is as much as a man can go in half a day, or between meal and meal Judges 20. 16. *Among all the People there were 700 chosen men that could sling, at hair breadth and not miss.* Now a hairs breadth is the 48 part of an inch, 12 inches is a Foot, 16 foot and half is a Perch, 40 Perch is a Furlong, 8 Furlongs is a Mile. A Sabbath days journey, according to Scripture, is 600 Paces.

Measures mentioned in the Bible: First of Dry.

A Cab is a Quart, An Homer is a Quart and half, a Seath is a Gallon and a half, an Ephath is half a Bushel and a Pottle, half an Homer is 7 Bushels and a Quart, an Homer or Cor is 14 Bushels and a Pottle a Chen'x by some is counted three pints five ounces and a half, by others a Quart

The Liquid or Wet Measure, a Log is a half a pint, a Hin is 3 Quarts, a Bath is 9 gallons 3 quarts, a Pot or Sextary is a pint and half, a Firkin is four Gallons and half.

We read in the Scripture of Legions.

Math. 26 53. *Thinkst thou that I cannot now pray to my Father, and shall presently give me more than 12 Legions of Angels, 12 Legions is eighty thousand seven hundred and fifty.*

Luke 8. 30. *Jesus askt him, what is thy Name, he said Legion, because many Devils were in him, Gaius, who built Rome, his Legion consisted of*

of 3000 Foot-Men, and 300 Horse-Men.

After, in *Julius Caesar's* time, which was above 150 years before Christ, a Legion was 5000 Foot, and 300 Horse-men.

Hesych saith, a Legion was 6666.

After, in *Augustus*, and *Tiberius Caesar's* time Christ being born and suffer'd, a Legion was 6 thousand Foot, and 730 Horse-Men.

Of Offices and Conditions of Men.

Patriarch is a Father of a Family, as *Abraham*, *Isaac*, *Jacob*, and his four Judges or Temporary for a time, Supreme Governours appointed over the children of *Israel*, King over a Nation or Kings after the falling of the ten Tribes of *Israel*. Elders, or Senators, the seventy, or Sanhedrim, Officers, Provosts, or Sheriffs, Judges or Rulers, such as determined controversies in particular Cities an Hebrew from *Abraham*, and *Israelite* from *Jacob* who was named *Israel*, called Children of *Israel*, A Proselite of the Covenant, who submitted unto the Law, and was Circumcised. A Proselite of the gate, or Stranger, who worshiped the true God and was now Circumcised. The Officer or Governor, appointed by the Kings of *Assyria* and *Persia* Heads of the people in Captivity under the *Grecian* monarchy the *Maccabees*, or the successors of *Judas Maccabeus* High Priests who presided a Kingly Government or power under the *Roman* Emperors. Presidents or Governours, sent from *Rome* with Imperial power, Tetraches who had Kingly

Kingly power over some Provinces, Proconsuls,
 or Deputes of Provinces, inferior Officers, Pub-
 licans, who were Tribute or Taxgatherers, who
 were hated of the *Jews*, Centurion a Captain of a
 hundred men, High Priest who only might enter
 into the Holy of Holies, Priest, or *Saran*, who
 supplied the High Priest's Office, in case he was
 disabled, some let a part for the War for expe-
 dition the sons of *Aaron*, who had divers Ranks
 Degrees, and Offices in the temple, Also the sons
 of *Levi*, who were of three ranks & orders, Cen-
 turions, *Cherothites*, *Merarites*, Also *Nasbimins*, in-
 ferior servants of the Priests and Levites, not of
 their Tribe to draw Water and cleave Wood,
 Prophets, who were anciently called *Seris*, who
 foretold things to come, & denounced Gods Judg-
 ments against Idolaters and Evil Doers: And
 taught the people, Children of the Prophets,
 their Disciples or Scholars, Wise Men, called
 so, in imitation of the *Wise men of the East*, or
Grecian Philosophers, Scribes, Writers or Ex-
 pounders of the Law: *Rabbies*, Doctors or Tea-
 chers of Israel, *Libertines*, or freed out of Rome,
 who being *Jews* or *Proselytes* has a Synagogue, or
 Oratory for themselves, *Cablenites*, or *Galileans*
 who pretended it unlawful to obey an Heathen
 Magistrat. *Herodians*, who shaped their Reli-
 gion to the times, and in particular flattered *He-
 rod*, *Epheurians*, who placed their happiness in
 the pleasures and delights of this life. *Stoicks*
 who denyed the liberty of the Will, and preten-
 ded

ded aevents was determin'd by fatal necessity,
Simon Magus, Author of the Heresie of the *Gnosticks*, who taught, that men, however vicious in
 their practice should be saved by their know-
 ledge. *Nicelashians* the Disciples of *Nicholas*, one
 of the seven *Deacons*, who taught the Commu-
 nity of Wives, or men to have more Wives than
 one. *Nazorites*, who under a Vow abstained
 from Wine. *Nazarens*, professing Christianity,
Zelots or *Sicori*, or murderers, who under the
 pretence of the Law, thought themselves authoriz-
 ed to commit any out-rages. *Pharisees*, sepe-
 ratists, who having an opinion of their own God-
 iness despited others. *Saducees*, who denyed the
 Resurrection, of Angel or Spirit. *Samaritans*, un-
 gret professors, partly Heathen and partly *Jews*,
 the offspring of the *Assyrians* sent to *Samaria*. A-
 postle mission or sent, our Saviour had twelve,
 and after seventy, and sent them to preach the
 Gospel. Bishops, or Overseers: And their suc-
 cessors, who had the Government of the Church,
 as they are mentioned in the Epistles of *Paul* &
Peter. Also *Deacons*, who were to Preach the
 Gospel, and take care of the poor.

In the *Old Testament* or *Bible*, are 777 chapters.
 In the *New Testament*, 260 chapters. In the *Apo-
 crypha*, 173 chapters. In the *Old Testament* are
 Verses twenty three Thousand two hundred
 and three.

Spence

Several Books mentioned in the Scriptures, supposed to be lost.

The Book of Enoch. Ol Idde, and Gad Seers.
- Samuel wrote a Book of the Office and Instruction of a King.

Solomon wrote a Book of three thousand parables, & five thousand songs. Also of the nature of Herbs, Trees, Plants, from the Cedar to the H. Sep.

A Book of the Chronicles of the Kings of Judah and Israel.

The third of the Corinthians.

The third Epistle of Peter.

The worth of Gold by Troy weight.

One pound of Gold is worth forty pound.

One ounce is worth 3 *d.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.*

One grain worth three half penny.

The worth of silver by Troy weight.

One pound is worth three pound.

One ounce worth five shillings.

One penny weight worth three pence.

One grain worth a half penny.

This being the weight of current Money.

By Haverdupoise weight, one pound of Gold is worth forty nine pound thirteen shillings eight pence half penny.

One pound of silver by Haverdupoise weight worth 3 pounds 15 shillings 8 pence half penny.

By this it appears, that one hundred pounds of silver, weighs 26 pounds 5 ounces Haverdupoise.

And one hundred pound of Gold money, weighs one pound and about a quarter of an Ounce.

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